GUIDANCE ON DATA CLEANING FOR THE NHS ADULT INPATIENTS SURVEY 2009

THE CO-ORDINATION CENTRE FOR THE NHS ADULT INPATIENT SURVEY



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Updates

Before you use this document, check that you have the latest version, as there might be some small amendments from time to time (the date of the last update is on the front page). In the very unlikely event that there are any major changes, we will e-mail all trust contacts and contractors directly to inform them of the change.

This document is available from the Co-ordination Centre website at:

www.NHSSurveys.org

Questions and comments

If you have any questions or concerns regarding this document, or if you have any specific queries regarding the submission of data, please contact the Co-ordination Centre:

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1 Inpatient Survey 2009 – data cleaning

1.1 Introduction

Once fieldwork for the 2009 national inpatient survey has been completed, participating trusts and contractors will be required to submit data to the Co-ordination Centre in a **raw ('uncleaned')** format. Following this, data for all trusts in the survey will be collated and the full dataset will be cleaned together to ensure that cleaning taking place on data pertaining to different trusts is comparable.

This document provides a description and specification of the processes that will be used by the Co-ordination Centre to clean and standardise data submitted by contractors and trusts as part of the 2009 national survey of inpatients. By following the guidance contained in this document, it should be possible to recreate this cleaning process.

If you have any comments or queries regarding this document please contact the Co-ordination Centre on **01865 208 127**, or e-mail us at <u>acute.data@pickereurope.ac.uk</u>.

1.2 The core and extended questionnaires

For the 2009 national inpatient survey, all trusts have the option to use either the 87 item 'core' questionnaire or to use an extended questionnaire with further questions available from the 'question bank' for the survey. The Co-ordination Centre only requires data to be submitted for the 87 core items, and so all cleaning undertaken by ourselves will involve only these 87 core items. As such, this document looks only at the cleaning required for the core survey. Nonetheless, the rules and principles of data cleaning described here can be applied to data from an extended questionnaire.

1.3 Definitions

Definitions of terms commonly used in this document, as they apply to the National Survey of Adult Inpatients 2009 are as follows:

Raw/uncleaned data: 'Raw' or 'uncleaned' data is data that has been entered verbatim from completed questionnaires without any editing taking place to remove contradictory or inappropriate responses; thus, all responses ticked on the questionnaire should be included in the data entry spreadsheet¹ (see <u>Section 2: Submitting raw ('uncleaned') data</u>, for detailed guidance on submitting raw data). The requirement for raw/uncleaned data does **not**, however, preclude the checking of data for errors resulting from problems with data entry or similar. Ensuring high data quality is paramount and errors resulting from data entry problems can and should be corrected by checking against the appropriate completed questionnaire.

¹ Except where: a) multiple responses have been ticked - set these to missing (The exceptions to this are for the 'tick all that apply' questions Q85 and Q86 where respondents may tick more than one response option)

b) year of birth has been entered in incorrect format - if the patient's *intended* response is unambiguous from the questionnaire, then enter this.

Data cleaning: The Co-ordination Centre uses the term 'data cleaning' to refer to all editing processes undertaken upon survey data once the survey has been completed and the data has been entered and collated.

Routing questions: These are items on the questionnaire which instruct respondents to either continue on to the next question or to skip past irrelevant questions depending on their response to the routing question. For the 2009 national survey of inpatients, the routing questions in the core questionnaire are **Q1, Q2, Q14, Q16, Q17, Q47, Q50, Q55, Q59, Q63, Q70** and **Q85**.

Filtered questions: Items on the questionnaire that are not intended to be answered by all respondents are referred to as 'filtered' questions. Whether individual respondents are expected to answer filtered questions depends on their responses to preceding routing questions. For the 2009 national survey of inpatients, the filtered questions in the core questionnaire are Q2 – Q11¹, Q15, Q17 – Q18, Q48, Q51 – Q57², Q60 – Q61, Q64 – Q66, Q71 and Q86.

Non-filtered questions: these are items in the questionnaire which are not subject to any routing/filtering and which should therefore be answered by all respondents. For the 2009 national survey of inpatients, the non-filtered questions are Q1, Q12 – Q14, Q16, Q19 – Q47, Q49 – Q50, Q58 – Q59, Q62 – Q63, Q67 – Q70, Q72 – Q85 and Q87

Out-of-range data: This refers to instances where data within a variable has a value that is not permissible. For categorical data – as in the case of the majority of variables in this survey – this would mean a value not allowed in the data, for example, a value of '3' being entered in a variable with only two response categories (1 or 2). For scalar data – eg year of birth – data is considered to be out-of-range if it specifies a value that is not possible (for instance, year of birth as 983 or 2983). Out-of-range responses entered into the dataset should not be automatically (eg, algorithmically) removed prior to submitting the data to the Co-ordination Centre (see Section 2: Submitting raw ('uncleaned') data.

Non-specific response: This is a loose term for response options that can be considered as not being applicable to the respondent in terms of directly answering the specific question to which they are linked. Most commonly, these are responses such as "don't know/can't remember", which indicate a failure to recall the issue in question. Likewise, responses that indicate the question is not applicable to the respondent are considered 'non-specific' – for example, responses such as "I did not have any food" or "I did not use any bathrooms". A full listing of such responses for the 2009 inpatient survey can be found in <u>Appendix B: Non-specific responses</u>.

¹ The range Q2-Q11 includes two separate sets of filtered questions; Q2-Q5 and Q6-Q11.

² The range Q49-Q55 includes two separate sets of filtered questions; Q51–Q57, and Q56.

2 Submitting raw ('uncleaned') data

For the 2009 national inpatient survey, trusts and contractors are required to submit raw ('uncleaned') data to the Co-ordination Centre. For clarification, raw data is created as follows:

- All responses should be entered into the dataset, regardless of whether or not the respondent was meant to respond to the question (eg, where patients answer questions that they have been directed to skip past, these responses should still be entered)
- Where a respondent has ticked more than one response category on a question, this should be set to 'missing' in the data. The **exceptions** to this are for the 'multiple response' questions, **Q85** and **Q86**, where respondents may tick more than one response option (i.e. 'tick all that apply')
- iii) Where a respondent has crossed out a response, this should not be entered in the data. Where a respondent has crossed out a response and instead ticked a second response option, this second choice should be entered into the data
- iv) Where a respondent has given their response inconsistently with the formatting of the questionnaire but where their intended response is nonetheless unambiguous on inspection of the completed questionnaire, then the respondent's *intended* response should be entered. For example, where a patient has written their *date* of birth in the boxes for Q79, but written their *year* of birth in at the side of this, then the respondent's year of birth should be entered
- v) For the year of birth question, unrealistic responses should still be entered *except* following iv) above. For example, if a respondent enters '2009' in the year of birth box, this should still be entered unless the respondent has unambiguously indicated their actual year of birth to the side
- vi) Once the data has been entered, no responses should be removed or changed in any way *except* where responses are known to have been entered incorrectly or where inspection of the questionnaire indicates that the patient's intended response has not been captured. This includes 'out-of-range' responses, which must **not** be *automatically* removed from the dataset. Responses in the dataset should only be changed before submission to the Co-ordination Centre where they are found to have been entered inconsistently with the respondent's intended response.

3 Editing/cleaning data after submission

3.1 Approach and rationale

The aim of the Co-ordination Centre in cleaning the data submitted to us is to ensure an optimal balance between data quality and completeness. Thus, we seek to remove responses that are known to be erroneous or inappropriate but do this in a relatively permissive way so as to enable as many responses as possible to contribute to the overall survey results.

3.2 Filters

Some of the questions included in the survey are only relevant to a subset of respondents, and in these cases filter instructions on the questionnaire are used to route respondents past questions that are not applicable to them. For example, people who tick "no" to **Q59** ("On the day you left hospital, was your discharge delayed for any reason?") are instructed to skip all further questions on delayed discharge (e.g. **Q60** and **Q61**).

It is necessary to clean the data to remove inappropriate responses where filter instructions have been incorrectly followed. In such cases, participants' responses to questions that were not relevant to them are deleted from the dataset. Responses are only deleted where respondents have answered 'filtered' questions despite ticking an earlier response on a routing question instructing them to skip these questions (eg a respondent ticking "No" to **Q59** but then answering the two questions about delayed discharge as in the example above). Responses to 'filtered' questions are not removed where the response to the routing question is missing. For example, **Q2-Q5** are filtered by the response to **Q1** (e.g. if **Q1=2**), but if a respondent does not answer **Q1**, or if the **Q1** response is missing for any reason, then responses to **Q2-Q5** should not be removed.

<u>Figure 1</u> (overleaf) shows a summary of all routing questions, and the filtered questions they relate to, that are included on the 2009 national inpatient survey. Please note that these instructions should be followed sequentially in order to be consistent with the procedures applied by the Co-ordination Centre.

	ROUTING QUESTION		RESPONSE VALUES		FILTERED QUESTIONS
if	Q1	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q2 – Q5
if	Q2	=	1	then delete responses to:	Q6 – Q11
if	Q2	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q3 – Q5
if	Q14	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q15
if	Q16	=	1 OR 4	then delete responses to:	Q17 – Q18
if	Q17	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q18
if	Q47	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q48
if	Q50	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q51 – Q57
if	Q55	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q56
if	Q59	=	2	then delete responses to:	Q60 – Q61
if	Q63	=	5	then delete responses to:	Q64 – Q66
if	Q70	=	2 OR 3	then delete responses to:	Q71
if	Q85	=	7	then delete responses to:	Q86

Figure 1 - List of routing/filtering instructions

Please note that these instructions should be followed sequentially in the order shown above.

Please note that **Q1** should not be considered a routing question in the traditional sense – for example, responses to **Q6-Q11** – the questions on planned admissions – must not be automatically removed if **Q1=1**. It should be noted from the questionnaire that even though patients responding "emergency or urgent" to **Q1** are identifying themselves as emergency admissions, they may subsequently report not having been to an Emergency Department as part of their admission – eg if **Q2=2** – and that in such cases they are then asked to continue from **Q6**. Thus, not all respondents ticking **Q1=1** will be expected to skip **Q6-Q11**.

A worked example of the cleaning process for removing unexpected responses to filtered questions is included in <u>Appendix A: Example of cleaning</u>.

3.3 Dealing with multiple response questions

For most questions, each column corresponds to one survey question. However, there are some exceptions to this rule. For multiple response questions **Q85** and **Q86** that gives the instruction 'Tick all that apply', each response option is treated as a separate question.

Example								
Q85. Do you have any of the fo	llowing lo	ng-stand	ing condi	tions? (T	ick ALL 1	hat appl	y)	
 Blindness or partially A long-standing physical A learning disability A learning disability A mental health con A long-standing illne A long-standing illne 	$_{5}$ \checkmark A mental health condition $_{6}$ \square A long-standing illness, such as cancer, HIV, diabetes, chronic heart disease, or							
7 └ No, I do not have a Responses to each part of th	Ū	0		the box i	is ticked			
					is not tic	ked ¹		
Q85 takes up seven columns	Q85 takes up seven columns in the data file, labelled as follows:							
Column headings Q85_1 Q85_2 Q85_3 Q85_4 Q85_5 Q85_6 Q85_7								
Codings for this example1000100							0	

However, the last response to each of these questions is an exclusive option. If a respondent ticks option 7 to **Q85** ("I do not have a long-standing condition"), options 1-6 should not have also been ticked; if any of these options have been ticked, they should be recoded from '1' to '0' when cleaning the data. The same applies for **Q85**; if response option 8 ("No difficulty with any of these") is ticked, options 1-7 should not have also been ticked; if they have been ticked they should be recoded from '1' to '0'

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¹ Please note: if a respondent does not answer any part of a multiple response question, (ie does not tick any of the response options) then it should be left blank or coded as a full stop (.)

Example
Q85. Do you have any of the following long-standing conditions? (Tick ALL that apply)
₁ 🗹 I have deafness or severe hearing impairment
$_2$ \Box I have blindness or are partially sighted
$_{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$ $m \Box$ I have a long-standing physical condition
4 🗖 I have a learning disability
5 🗹 I have a mental health condition

- 6 L I have a long-standing illness
- ⁷ I do not have a long-standing condition

BEFORE CLEANING: Q85 is coded as follows:

Column headings	Q85_1	Q85_2	Q85_3	Q85_4	Q85_5	Q85_6	Q85_7
Codings for this example	1	0	0	0	1	0	1

AFTER CLEANING: Q85 is coded as follows:

Column headings	Q85_1	Q85_2	Q85_3	Q85_4	Q85_5	Q85_6	Q85_7
Codings for this example	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

When the data is cleaned, the responses to Q85_1 and Q85_5 are re-coded as '0' because option 7 ("I do not have a long-standing condition") has also been ticked.

3.4 Dealing with demographics

Basic demographic information, including age, sex, and ethnicity of patients are included in the sample section of the data, but the 'About You' section at the end of the questionnaire also asks respondents to provide this information. In a minority of cases, the information provided from the sample frame and by the respondents does not correspond – for example, the sample may identify an individual as male only for them to report being female (e.g. **Q78=2**).

Because of this, and because questions about demographics tend to produce relatively high item non-response rates, it is not appropriate to rely on either source of data alone.

Where responses to demographic questions are present, it is assumed these are more likely to be accurate than sample frame information (since it is assumed that respondents are best placed to

know their own sex, age, and ethnic group)¹. Where responses to demographic questions are missing, however, sample data are used in their place.

For demographic analysis on groups of cases, then, it is necessary to use some combination of the information supplied in the sample frame and by the respondents. To do this, we first copy all valid responses to survey demographic questions into a new variable. Where responses are missing we then copy in the relevant sample information (note that for a very small number of patients demographic information may be missing in both the sample and response sections; in such cases data must necessarily be left missing in the new variable)².

Certain demographic variables require special consideration during data cleaning:

Age (Q79)

A common error when completing year of birth questions on forms is for respondents to accidentally write in the current year – thus responses to **Q79** of '2009' will be set to missing during cleaning. Out-of-range responses will also be set to missing³. For the 2009 national inpatient survey, out-of range responses are defined as **Q79**≤1880 OR 79≥2009.

3.5 Usability and eligibility

Sometimes questionnaires are returned with only a very small number of questions completed. For the inpatient survey 2009, questionnaires containing fewer than five responses are considered 'unusable' – we will delete all responses pertaining to such cases and outcome codes of 1 ('returned useable questionnaire') relating to these cases will be changed to 6 ('questionnaire not returned'). Please note that the number of responses per questionnaire will be counted after all other cleaning, and that all responses remaining at this stage will be counted (including responses to the demographic questions and so on)⁴. This should only affect a very limited number of cases, and so should not have a significant impact on response rates.

¹ Please note though that respondents will *not* be considered ineligible for the survey solely on the basis of their response to the year of birth question indicating that they are under the age of sixteen. This is because of the difficulty of inferring the source of errors when year of birth from sample and response sections are mismatched – in other words, because we cannot be *certain* whether this mismatch occurs *[see overleaf]* due to an error in the sample file, an error in the patient's completion of the questionnaire form, or an error in data entry.

² Please note that whilst a combination of sample and response information is used for demographic analysis on groups of cases, **only the sample information is used to calculate response rates by demographic groups**. Unlike subgroup analysis of variables which is only carried out for respondents, response rates are calculated using all patients in the sample. Because response rates vary between groups with differing demographic variables, using response and sample data to calculate response rates would create a systematic source of bias in that we are only able to amend information for the *respondents*. Therefore, only the sample information should be used to calculate response rates by demographic groups.

³ The majority of out-of range responses present in data relating to year of birth questions result from errors in data entry (for example, not keying one of the digits – so '1983' may become 983, 183, 193, or 198). In such cases it is important that the responses be checked against the completed questionnaire forms, and data corrected if necessary, **prior** to submission of data to the Co-ordination Centre.

⁴ Please note that the multiple choice questions, Q85 and Q86 are only counted once. So for example, even if Q85_1 and Q86_4 are ticked, this would count as only one response for the purpose of determining if a questionnaire is usable.

Outcome codes for respondents will also be changed if the respondents are believed to be under the age of sixteen and therefore ineligible for participation. Since the sample files for the survey are checked by the Co-ordination Centre prior to mailing, this is unlikely to affect more than a handful of cases throughout the survey, as patients coded as being aged under 16 will be identified and removed from the sample before the start of the survey. Sample members will not, however, be removed from the sample if data on their year of birth is missing from the sampling frame. If sample information on a respondent's year of birth is missing, though, and their response to Q79 indicates that they are under 16 (specifically, if Q79>1993) then the outcome code for that patient should be recoded from 1 ('returned completed questionnaire') to 5 ('ineligible for participation in the survey'). This should only be done where sample information is missing. If sample information indicates a patient is aged 16 or over, but this is contradicted by the patient's response, then the patient's survey outcome should remain as 1. This is to avoid removing legitimate responses because of an overly conservative approach to assessing eligibility; in other words, where the patient's age is uncertain (because sample and response information contradict each other, and in different instances either of these may be accurate or inaccurate) the benefit of the doubt is given in any assessment of eligibility.

3.6 Missing responses

It is useful to be able to see the numbers of respondents who have missed each question for whatever reason. Responses are considered to be missing when a respondent is expected to answer a question but no response is present. For non-filtered questions, responses are expected from all respondents – thus any instance of missing data constitutes a missing response. For filtered questions, only respondents who have answered a previous routing question instructing them to go on to that filtered question or set of filtered questions are expected to give answers. Where respondents to the survey have missed a routing question, they are not expected to answer subsequent 'filtered' questions; thus only where respondents were explicitly instructed to answer filtered questions should such blank cells be coded as missing responses.

The Co-ordination Centre codes missing responses in the data with the value 999¹. For results to be consistent with those produced by the Co-ordination Centre, missing responses should be presented but should not be included in the base number of respondents for percentages.

3.7 Non-specific responses

As well as excluding missing responses from results, the Co-ordination Centre also removes nonspecific responses from base numbers for percentages. The rationale for this is to facilitate easy comparison between institutions by presenting only results from those patients who felt able to give an evaluative response to questions. For a full listing of 'non-specific' responses in the 2009 national inpatient survey, please see <u>Appendix B: Non-specific responses</u>.

¹ This is an arbitrary value chosen because it is 'out-of-range' for all other questions on the survey.

4 Appendix A: Example of cleaning

4.1 Incorrectly followed routing

Record	Outcome	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5					
Patient Record Number	Outcome of sending questionnaire (N)	Was your most recent hospital stay planned in advance or an emergency?	When you arrived at the hospital, did you go to the A&E Department (the Emergency Department / Casualty / Medical or Surgical Admissions Unit)?	While you were in the A&E Department, how much information about your condition or treatment was given to you?	Were you given enough privacy when being examined or treated in the A&E Department?	Following arrival at the hospital, how long did you wait to before being admitted to a bed on a ward?					
А	6										
В	1	2									
С	1	1	1	1	2	1					
D	4										
E	1	2	2								
F	6										
G	1	2	1	2	1	1					
Н	1	3	2	1	1	1					

Figure 2: Example 'raw'/'uncleaned' data

<u>Figure 2</u> shows hypothetical raw/uncleaned data for eight sample members, five of whom have responded to the survey. It can be seen from this data that some of the respondents have followed filter instructions from routing questions incorrectly:

Respondents 'E' and 'G' have reported that their admission to hospital was planned or from a waiting list (**Q1=2**), but have both responded to filtered questions ('E' has answered the first question after the filter (**Q2**) before skipping the remaining questions, whilst 'G' has answered **Q2**, **Q3**, **Q4** and **Q5**).

Following the cleaning instructions above will remove these inappropriate responses. Firstly, the filter instructions specify that:

if $Q1 = 2$ then delete responses to: $Q2 - Q5$	
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In accordance with this, all responses for Q2, Q3, Q4 and Q5 must be removed in cases where the respondent has ticked Q1=2 ('waiting list or planned in advance'). Looking in column Q1 we can see that three respondents, 'B', 'E' and 'G', have ticked Q1=2, so any responses they gave to questions two through to five should be removed. This will lead to one response being removed for patient 'E' (Q2) and four responses being removed for respondent 'G' (Q2, Q3, Q4, and Q5), who have for whatever reason followed the routing instructions incorrectly and continued to answer the section on emergency care.

Figure 3 (below) shows how the data would look following cleaning by the co-ordination centre to remove responses to filtered questions that should have been skipped – cells where responses have been removed are shaded.

<u> </u>	ig	ure 5. Data I	i olili i igule o	Tonowing of	cuning	
Record	Outcome	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5
Patient Record Number	Outcome of sending questionnaire (N)	Was your most recent hospital stay planned in advance or an emergency?	When you arrived at the hospital, did you go to the A&E Department (the Emergency Department / Casualty / Medical or Surgical Admissions Unit)?	While you were in the A&E Department, how much information about your condition or treatment was given to you?	Were you given enough privacy when being examined or treated in the A&E Department?	Following arrival at the hospital, how long did you wait to before being admitted to a bed on a ward?
Α	6					
В	1	2				
С	1	1	1	1	2	1
D	4					
E	1	2				
F	6					
G	1	2				
Н	1	3	2	1	1	1

Figure 3: Data from Figure 3 following cleaning

5 Appendix B: Non-specific responses

The following table lists all 'non-specific responses' included in the 2009 inpatient survey. Please note that this table also includes items from the question bank which are not included in the minimal 'core' questionnaire. Numbers in the final column indicate the response options that should be considered non-specific. Where the 'non-specific responses' column contains only a dash, the relevant question has no such response options.

CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
Q1	A1	Was your most recent hospital stay planned in advance or an emergency?	-
	A2	Did you travel to the hospital by ambulance?	-
	A3	Were the ambulance crew reassuring?	4
	A4	Did the ambulance crew explain your care and treatment in a way you could understand?	4
	A5	Did the ambulance crew do everything they could to help control your pain?	4, 5
	A6	Overall, did the ambulance crew treat you with respect and dignity?	4
	A7	Once you had arrived at hospital, how long did you wait with the ambulance crew before your care was handed over to the A&E staff?	8
	A8	How well do you think the ambulance service and A&E staff worked together?	5
	A9	Overall, how would you rate the care you received from the ambulance service?	-
Q2	A10	When you arrived at the hospital, did you go to A&E (Emergency Department / Casualty / Medical or Surgical Admissions unit)?	-
	A11	How organised was the care you received in the A&E department?	-
	A12	For most of the time, were you waiting in?	5
Q3	A13	While you were in the A&E Department, how much information about your condition or treatment was given to you?	5
Q4	A14	Were you given enough privacy when being examined or treated in the A&E Department?	4
	A15	When you had important questions to ask doctors and nurses in the A&E Department, did you get answers that you could understand?	4
	A16	While you were in the A&E Department, did you have confidence and trust in the doctors and nurses examining and treating you?	-
	A17	While you were in the A&E Department, did doctors and nurses talk in front of you as if you weren't there?	-
	A18	While you were in the A&E Department, did a doctor or nurse explain your condition and treatment in a way you could understand?	4
	A19	If you had any worries or fears about your condition or treatment, did a doctor or nurse discuss them with you?	4
	A20	Did you see any posters or leaflets in the A&E Department asking patients and visitors to wash their hands or to use hand-wash gels?	3
	A21	Were hand-wash gels available for patients and visitors to use?	4
	A22	In your opinion, how clean was the A&E Department?	5
	A23	How clean were the toilets in the A&E Department?	5
	A24	Overall, did you feel you were treated with respect and dignity while you were in the A&E Department?	-
	A25	How would you rate the courtesy of the A&E Department staff?	6

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CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
Q5	A26	Following arrival at the hospital, how long did you wait before being admitted to a bed on a ward?	6
Q6	A27	When you were referred to see a specialist, were you offered a choice of hospital for your first hospital appointment ?	4
	A28	A28 Were you given a choice about which hospital you were admitted to ?	
	A29	Overall, did you get enough information about the different hospitals to make your choice?	4
	A30	Was the information about different hospitals easy to understand?	-
Q7	A31	Who referred you to see a specialist?	5
Q8	A32	Overall, from the time you first talked to this health professional about being referred to a hospital, how long did you wait to be admitted to hospital?	6
Q9	How do you feel about the length of time you were on the waiting list		-
	A34	When you were told you would be going into hospital, were you given enough notice of your date of admission?	3
Q10	A35	Were you given a choice of admission dates?	3
Q11	A36	Was your admission date changed by the hospital?	-
	A37	Before being admitted to hospital, were you given any printed information about the hospital ?	-
	A38	Before being admitted to hospital, were you given any printed information about your condition or treatment ?	-
	A39	Before you arrived at the hospital, were you told where you would have to go to be admitted?	5
	A40	Once you arrived at the hospital, was it easy to find your way to the main reception?	4, 5
	A41	Was it easy to find your way to the ward?	4, 5
	A42	Before you arrived at the hospital, did you know if a bed was definitely available for you?	5
	A43	Was it possible to find a convenient place to park in the hospital car park?	3, 4
	A44	How organised was the admission process ?	-
Q12	A45	From the time you arrived at the hospital, did you feel that you had to wait a long time to get to a bed on a ward?	-
	A46	Did a member of staff explain why you had to wait?	-
	A47	How would you rate the courtesy of the staff who admitted you?	6
Q13	B1	While in hospital, did you ever stay in a critical care area (Intensive Care Unit, High Dependency Unit or Coronary Care Unit)?	3
Q14	B2	When you were first admitted to a bed on a ward, did you share a sleeping area, for example a room or bay, with patients of the opposite sex?	-
Q15	B3	When you were first admitted, did you mind sharing a sleeping area, for example a room or bay, with patients of the opposite sex?	-
Q16	B4	During your stay in hospital, how many wards did you stay in?	4
	B5	Did you mind being moved from one room or ward to another?	-
Q17	B6	After you moved to another ward (or wards), did you ever share a sleeping area, for example a room or bay, with patients of the opposite sex?	-
Q18	B7	After you moved , did you mind sharing a sleeping area, for example a room or bay, with patients of the opposite sex?	-

CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
Q19	B8	While staying in the hospital, did you ever use the same bathroom or shower area as patients of the opposite sex?	4, 5
	B9	When you needed to use a toilet or bathroom, was there a suitable one located close by?	3, 4
	B10	For most of your stay, what type of room or ward were you in?	_
	B11	When you reached the ward, did you get enough information about ward routines, such as timetables and rules?	4
	B12	Were you given enough privacy while you were on the ward?	-
	B13	Were you ever bothered by noise during the day from other patients?	-
	B14	Were you ever bothered by noise during the day from hospital staff?	-
Q20	B15	Were you ever bothered by noise at night from other patients?	-
Q21	B16	Were you ever bothered by noise at night from hospital staff?	-
Q22	B17	In your opinion, how clean was the hospital room or ward that you were in?	-
Q23	B18	How clean were the toilets and bathrooms that you used in hospital?	5
	B19	How would you rate the courtesy of the cleaning staff?	6
Q24	B20	Did you feel threatened during your stay in hospital by other patients or visitors?	-
Q25	B21	Did you have somewhere to keep your personal belongings whilst on the ward?	4, 5
	B22	Did staff wear name badges?	4
	B23	Did the staff treating and examining you introduce themselves?	4
	B24	Did you find it easy to find your way around the hospital?	4
	B25	If you needed help from a hospital porter to get around the hospital did you get it?	4
	B26	How would you rate the courtesy of the hospital porters?	6
	B27	Were the visiting times convenient for your friends and family?	4, 5
	B28	Were your visitors given enough information about visiting (e.g. visiting hours and rules)?	4, 5
Q26	B29	Did you see any posters or leaflets on the ward asking patients and visitors to wash their hands or to use hand-wash gels?	3
Q27	B30	Were hand-wash gels available for patients and visitors to use?	4
	B31	Were you ever bothered by other patients' visitors?	-
Q28	B32	How would you rate the hospital food?	5
	B33	Was the hospital food appetising?	-
	B34	Was there healthy food on the hospital menu?	4
	B35	How much food were you given?	-
Q29	B36	Were you offered a choice of food?	-
	B37	Did you get the food you ordered?	-
	B38	Do you have any special dietary requirements (e.g. vegetarian, diabetic, food allergies)?	3
	B39	Was the hospital food suitable for your dietary needs?	4
	B40	Were you ever unable to eat during mealtimes (e.g. because you were away from the ward, recovery from surgery etc)?	3
	B41	Were you offered a replacement meal at another time?	4, 5, 6
Q30	B42	Did you get enough help from staff to eat your meals?	4
	B43	How would you rate the courtesy of the catering staff?	6
	C1	Was there one doctor in overall charge of your care?	3
Q31	C2	When you had important questions to ask a doctor, did you get answers that you could understand?	4

CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
	C3	If you had any worries or fears about your condition or treatment, did a doctor discuss them with you?	4
Q32	C4	Did you have confidence and trust in the doctors treating you?	-
Q33	C5	Did doctors talk in front of you as if you weren't there?	-
	C6	If you ever needed to talk to a doctor, did you get the opportunity to do so?	4
	C7	How would you rate the courtesy of your doctors?	-
	C8	Did you ever think that doctors were deliberately not telling you certain things that you wanted to know?	-
	C9	In your opinion, did the doctors who treated you know enough about your condition or treatment?	5
Q34	C10	As far as you know, did doctors wash or clean their hands between touching patients?	4
Q35	D1	When you had important questions to ask a nurse, did you get answers that you could understand?	4
	D2	If you had any worries or fears about your condition or treatment, did a nurse discuss them with you?	4
Q36	D3	Did you have confidence and trust in the nurses treating you?	-
Q37	D4	Did nurses talk in front of you as if you weren't there?	-
Q38	D5	In your opinion, were there enough nurses on duty to care for you in hospital?	-
	D6	If you ever needed to talk to a nurse, did you get the opportunity to do so?	4
	D7	How would you rate the courtesy of your nurses?	-
	D8	Did you ever think that nurses were deliberately not telling you certain things that you wanted to know?	-
	D9	In your opinion, did the nurses who treated you know enough about your condition or treatment?	5
Q39	D10	As far as you know, did nurses wash or clean their hands between touching patients?	4
Q40	E1	Sometimes in a hospital, a member of staff will say one thing and another will say something quite different. Did this happen to you?	-
Q41	E2	Were you involved as much as you wanted to be in decisions about your care and treatment?	-
Q42	E3	How much information about your condition or treatment was given to you ?	-
	E4	While you were in hospital, were you told your diagnosis (explanation of what was wrong with you)?	6
	E5	Was your diagnosis explained to you in a way that you could understand?	-
Q43	E6	If your family or someone else close to you wanted to talk to a doctor, did they have enough opportunity to do so?	4, 5, 6
Q44	E7	Did you find someone on the hospital staff to talk to about your worries and fears?	4
	E8	Did you have to wear a hospital gown at any point during your stay in hospital?	3
	E9	Did you have to spend time in an area with other patients while wearing the gown?	4
Q45	E10	Were you given enough privacy when discussing your condition or treatment?	-
Q46	E11	Were you given enough privacy when being examined or treated?	-

CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
Q47	E12	Were you ever in any pain?	-
	E13	When you had pain, was it usually severe, moderate, or mild?	-
	E14	During your stay in hospital, how much of the time were you in pain?	-
	E15	Did you ever request pain medicine?	-
	E16	How many minutes after you requested pain relief medication did it usually take before you got it?	-
	E17	While you were in hospital, were you given any medicine to help with your pain (such as tablets, a spray, or pump) which you could decide when to take without having to ask hospital staff?	-
Q48	E18	Do you think the hospital staff did everything they could to help control your pain?	-
	E19	Overall, how much pain relief medication did you get?	-
Q49	E20	How many minutes after you used the call button did it usually take before you got the help you needed?	6
	E21	When you needed help from staff getting to the bathroom or toilet, did you get it in time?	4
	E22	During your stay in hospital, did you have any tests, x-rays, or scans other than blood or urine tests?	-
	E23	Did you feel you could refuse any tests that you did not agree with or did not want?	5
	E24	Were you told in advance when your tests, x-rays, or scans were going to take place?	-
	E25	Were your scheduled tests, x-rays or scans performed on time?	4
	E26	Did a member of staff explain why the scheduled tests were not performed on time?	-
	E27	Did a doctor or nurse explain the results of the tests in a way that you could understand?	4
	E28	Before you received any treatments (e.g. an injection, dressing, physiotherapy) did a member of staff explain what would happen?	4, 5
	E29	Before you received any treatments (e.g.: an injection, dressing, physiotherapy) did a member of staff explain any risks and/or benefits in a way you could understand?	4
	E30	Did you feel you could refuse any treatment that you did not agree with or did not want?	5
	E31	Were medical students present when you were being examined or treated?	-
	E32	Were you asked for permission for medical students to be present when you were being treated or examined?	-
	E33	Were you upset because medical students were present?	-
Q50	F1	During your stay in hospital, did you have an operation or procedure?	-
Q51	F2	Beforehand, did a member of staff explain the risks and benefits of the operation or procedure in a way you could understand?	4
Q52	F3	Beforehand, did a member of staff explain what would be done during the operation or procedure?	4
Q53	F4	Beforehand, did a member of staff answer your questions about the operation or procedure in a way you could understand?	4
Q54	F5	Beforehand, were you told how you could expect to feel after you had the operation or procedure?	-
	F6	Did you have enough time to discuss your operation or procedure with the consultant?	-

CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
Q55	F7	Before the operation or procedure, were you given an anaesthetic or medication to put you to sleep or control your pain?	-
Q56	F8	Before the operation or procedure, did the anaesthetist or another member of staff explain how he or she would put you to sleep or control your pain in a way you could understand?	-
Q57	F9	After the operation or procedure, did a member of staff explain how the operation or procedure had gone in a way you could understand?	-
Q58	G1	Did you feel you were involved in decisions about your discharge from hospital?	4
	G2	Were your family or someone close to you given enough notice about your discharge?	4
Q59	G3	On the day you left hospital, was your discharge delayed for any reason?	-
Q60	G4	What was the MAIN reason for the delay?	-
Q61	G5	How long was the delay?	-
	G6	Did a member of staff tell you how long the delay would be?	-
	G7	Did a member of staff explain the reason for the delay?	-
	G8	Where did you spend your time waiting to be discharged from hospital?	-
	G9	Before you left hospital, did the doctors and nurses spend enough time explaining about your health and care after you arrive home?	-
Q62	G10	Before you left hospital, were you given any written or printed information about what you should or should not do after leaving hospital?	-
Q63	G11	Did a member of staff explain the purpose of the medicines you were to take at home in a way you could understand?	4, 5
Q64	G12	Did a member of staff tell you about medication side effects to watch for when you went home?	4
Q65	G13	Were you told how to take your medication in a way you could understand?	4
Q66	G14	Were you given clear written or printed information about your medicines?	4
Q67	G15	Did a member of staff tell you about any danger signals you should watch for after you went home?	4
	G16	Did hospital staff take your family or home situation into account when planning your discharge?	4, 5
Q68	G17	Did the doctors or nurses give your family or someone close to you all the information they needed to help care for you?	4, 5
	G18	Did hospital staff tell you when you could resume your usual activities, such as when to go back to work or drive a car?	4
Q69	G19	Did hospital staff tell you who to contact if you were worried about your condition or treatment after you left hospital?	3
	G20	Did hospital staff discuss with you whether you would need any health or social care services after leaving hospital? (e.g. district nurse, care assistant, physiotherapist or social worker)	3
	G21	Do you feel that you received enough information from the hospital on how to manage your condition after your discharge?	4
	G22	Did hospital staff give you information about voluntary and support groups for people who have a similar condition in your local area?	4, 5
	G23	Did hospital staff give you information about any government assistance , such as benefits, tax breaks or home care, for people in your situation or with your condition?	4, 5
	G24	After leaving hospital, do you think you received enough care and assistance from health and social services?	4, 5

CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
Q70	G25	Did you receive copies of letters sent between hospital doctors and your family doctor (GP)?	3
Q71	G26	Were the letters written in a way that you could understand?	4
Q72	H1	Overall, did you feel you were treated with respect and dignity while you were in the hospital?	-
Q73	H2	How would you rate how well the doctors and nurses worked together?	-
	H3	Overall, were you treated with kindness and understanding while you were in the hospital?	-
Q74	H4	Overall, how would you rate the care you received?	-
	H5	Are you confident that the hospital is keeping your personal information / health records secure and confidential?	-
	H6	Would you recommend this hospital to your family and friends?	-
Q75	H7	During your hospital stay, were you ever asked to give your views on the quality of your care?	3
Q76	H8	While in hospital, did you ever see any posters or leaflets explaining how to complain about the care you received?	3
Q77	H9	Did you want to complain about the care you received in hospital?	-
	H10	Did the hospital staff give you the information you needed to do this?	-
	H11	During your hospital stay, do you feel that you were treated unfairly for any of the reasons below?	9
Q78	J1	Are you male or female?	-
Q79	J2	What was your year of birth?	-
	J3	What is your religion?	-
	J4	Were your religious beliefs respected by the hospital staff?	4
	J5	Were you able to practice your religious beliefs in the way you want to in hospital?	4
	J6	How old were you when you left full-time education?	-
Q80	J7	Mobility	-
Q81	J8	Self-Care	-
Q82	J9	Usual Activities (e.g. work, study, housework, family or leisure activities)	-
Q83	J10	Pain / Discomfort	-
Q84	J11	Anxiety / Depression	-
Q85	J12_1	I have a long-standing condition involving deafness or hearing impairment	-
Q85	J12_2	I have a long-standing condition involving blindness or are partially sighted	-
Q85	J12_3	I have a long-standing physical condition	-
Q85	J12_4	I have a long-standing condition involving a learning disability	-
Q85	J12_5	I have a long-standing mental health condition	-
Q85	J12_6	I have a long-standing condition involving an illness such as cancer, HIV, diabetes, CHD, or epilepsy	-
Q85	J12_7	I do not have a long-standing condition	-
Q86	J13_1	This condition causes me difficulty with everyday activities that people of my age can usually do	-
Q86	J13_2	This condition causes me difficulty at work, in education, or training	-
Q86	J13_3	This condition causes me difficulty with access to buildings, streets, or transport vehicles	-
Q86	J13_4	This condition causes me difficulty with reading or writing	-
Q86	J13_5	This condition causes me difficulty with people's attitudes to me because of my condition	-

CORE	BANK	Question	Non-specific responses
Q86	J13_6	This condition causes me difficulty with communicating, mixing with others, or socializing	-
Q86	J13_7	This condition causes me difficulty with other activities	-
Q86	J13_8	This condition does not cause me difficulty with any of these	-
Q87	J14	To which of these ethnic groups would you say you belong? (Tick ONE only)	-

6 Submitting data

Data may be submitted to the Co-ordination Centre either by e-mail or by post (with the data on a CD or floppy disk). There is no requirement for the anonymised dataset to be password protected. Data should be submitted to the following address:

By e-mail: <u>Acute.Data@PickerEurope.ac.uk</u>

or

By post: Co-ordination Centre for the Adult Inpatient Survey 2009 Picker Institute Europe King's Mead House Oxpens Road Oxford OX1 1RX